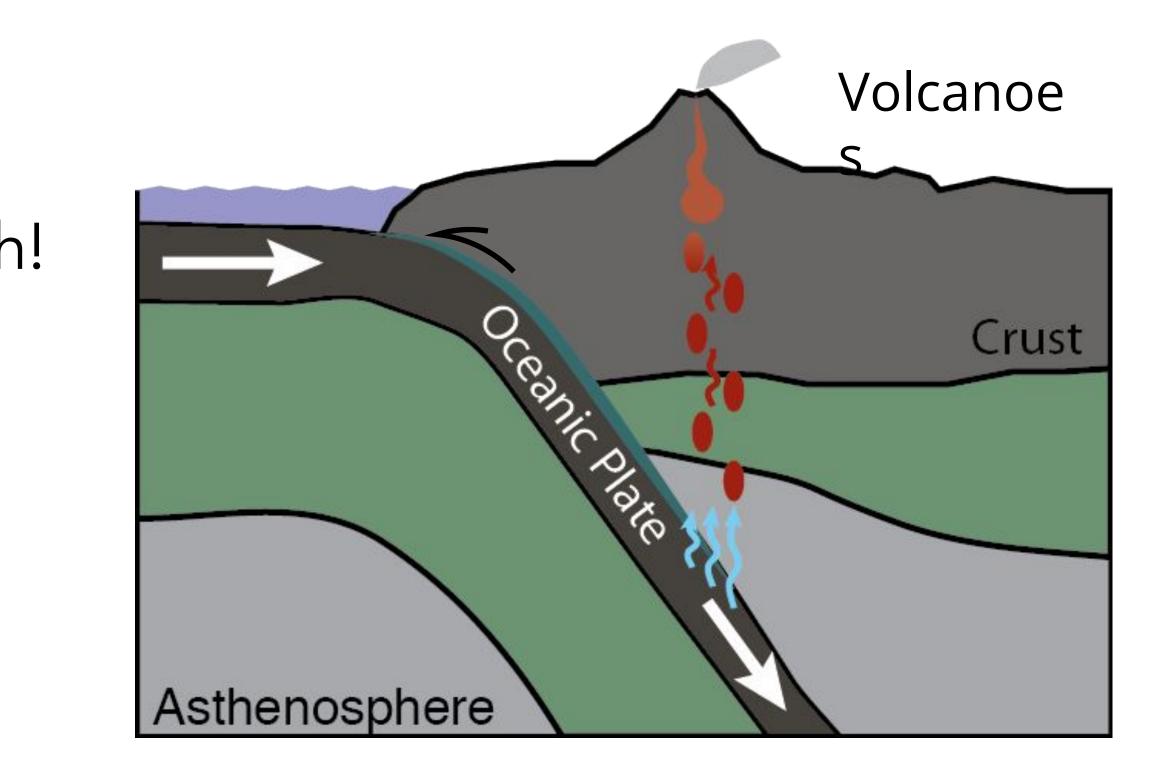
Field Geology: Methods, advances, and connections

Cailey B. Condit (she/her) - Assistant Professor - University of Washington

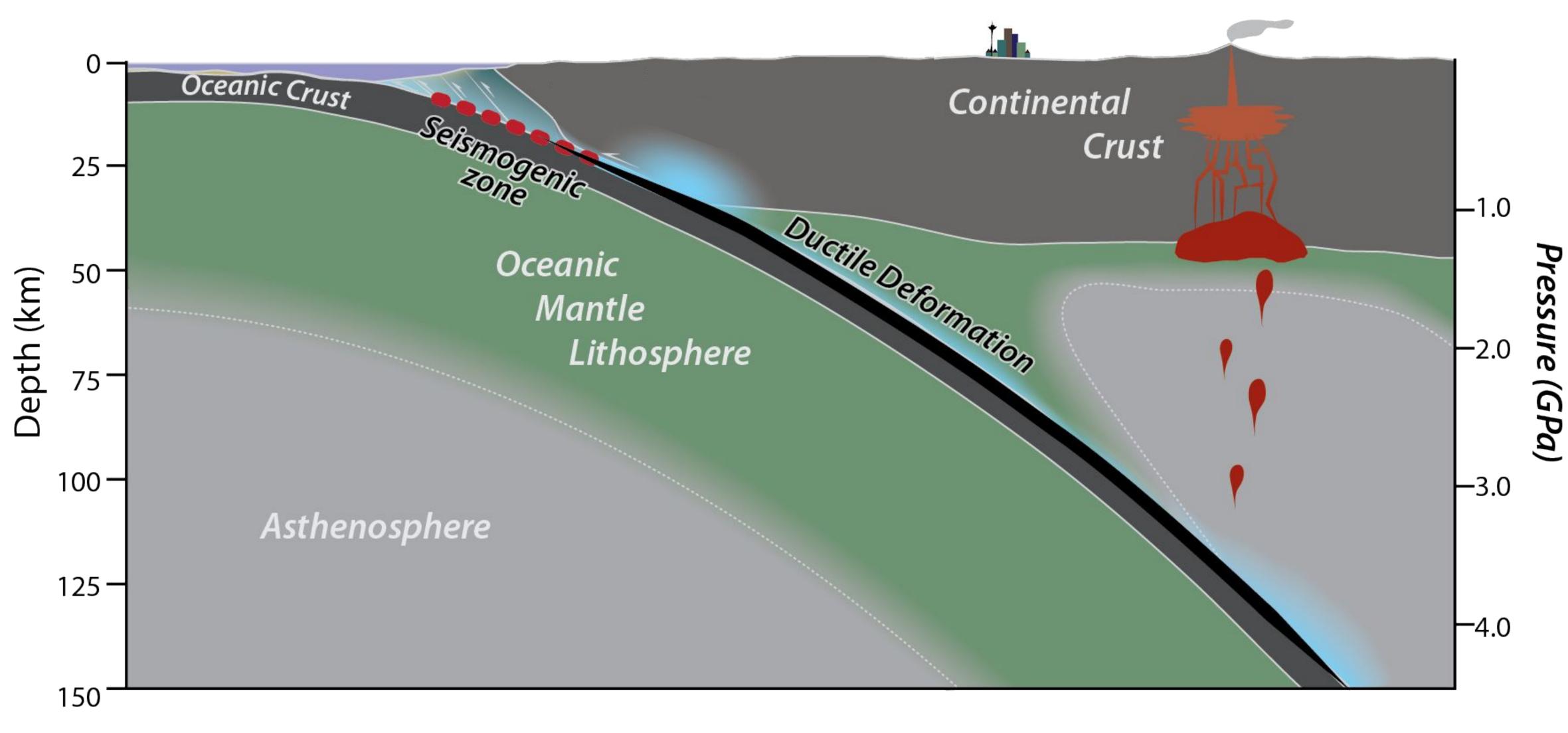


What can we learn from the field? So much!

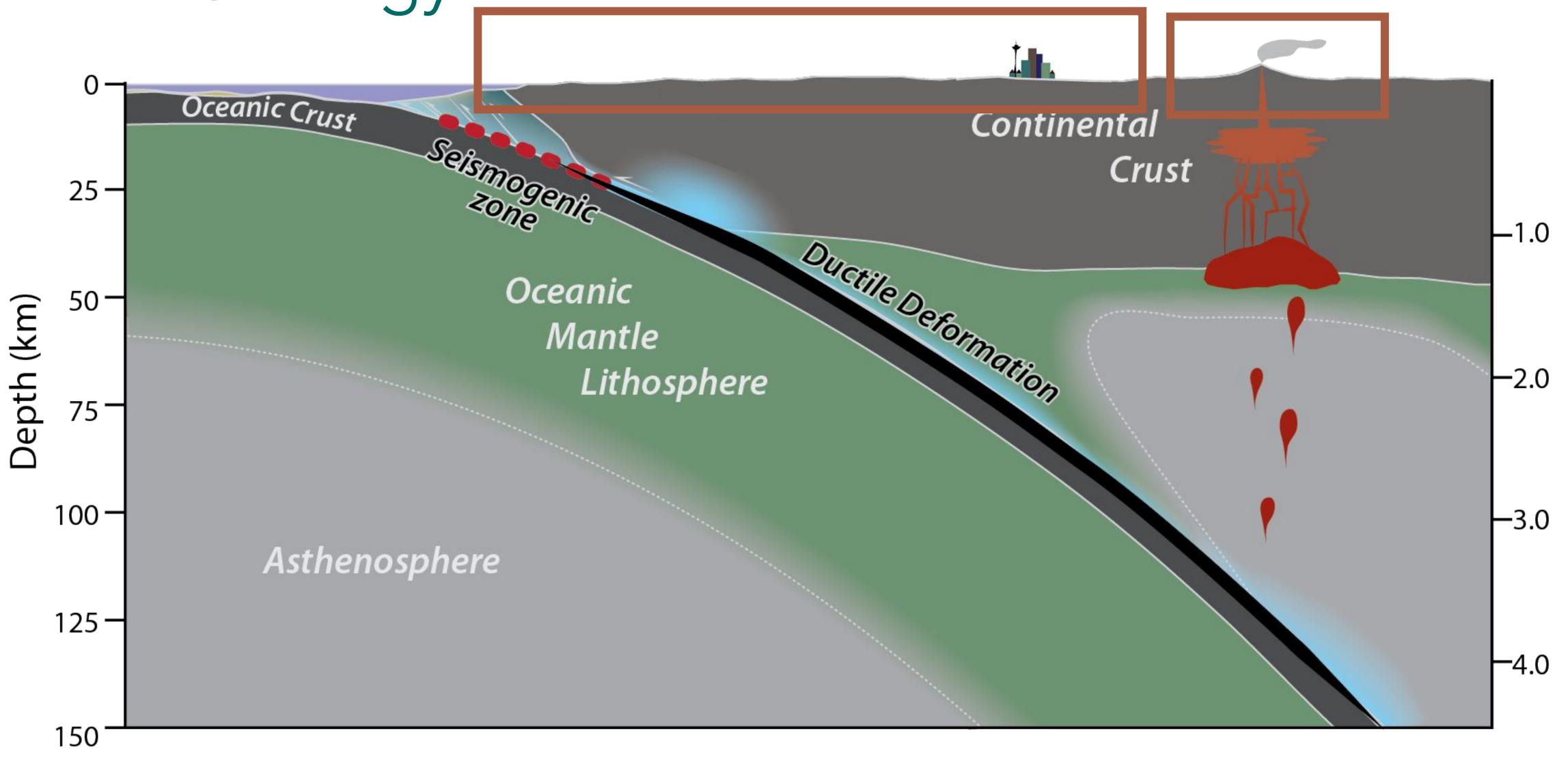
- Identify
 - rock types (lithologies)
 - deformation features
 - mineralogy/petrology
 - relative & absolute timing
- Constrain
 - rheology/deformation processes
 - pressure, temperature, stress, fluid (aqueous + melt) conditions
 - material and chemical fluxes
- Link
 - to geophysical observations
 - provide constraints for modeling approaches
 - ground-truth key assumptions



• Observations from the field are key to understanding the processes that drive subduction zone hazards



SZ4D Science Questions

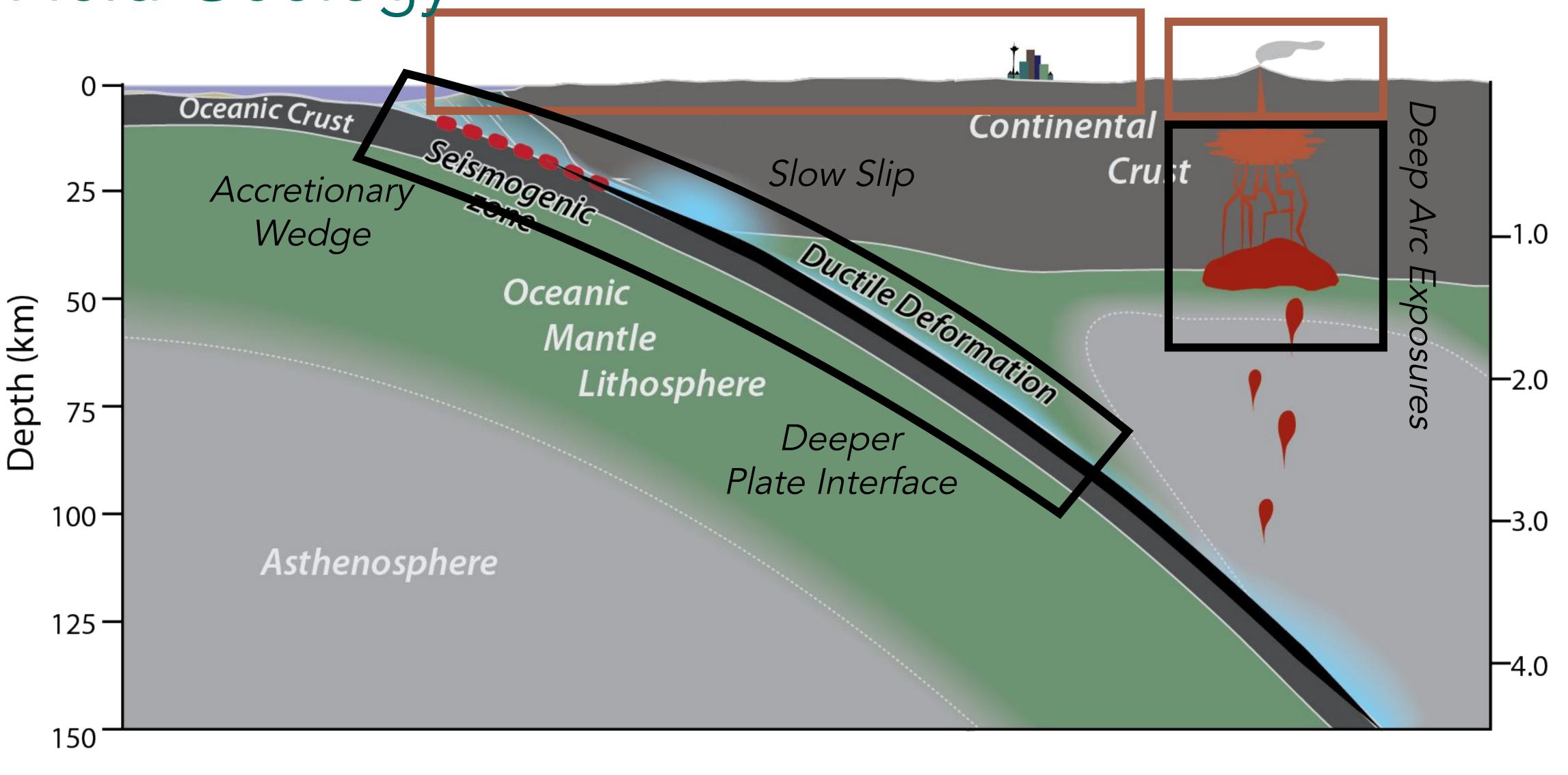




Volcanic Arc

SZ4D Science Questions - Active Systems





Forearc

Volcanic Arc

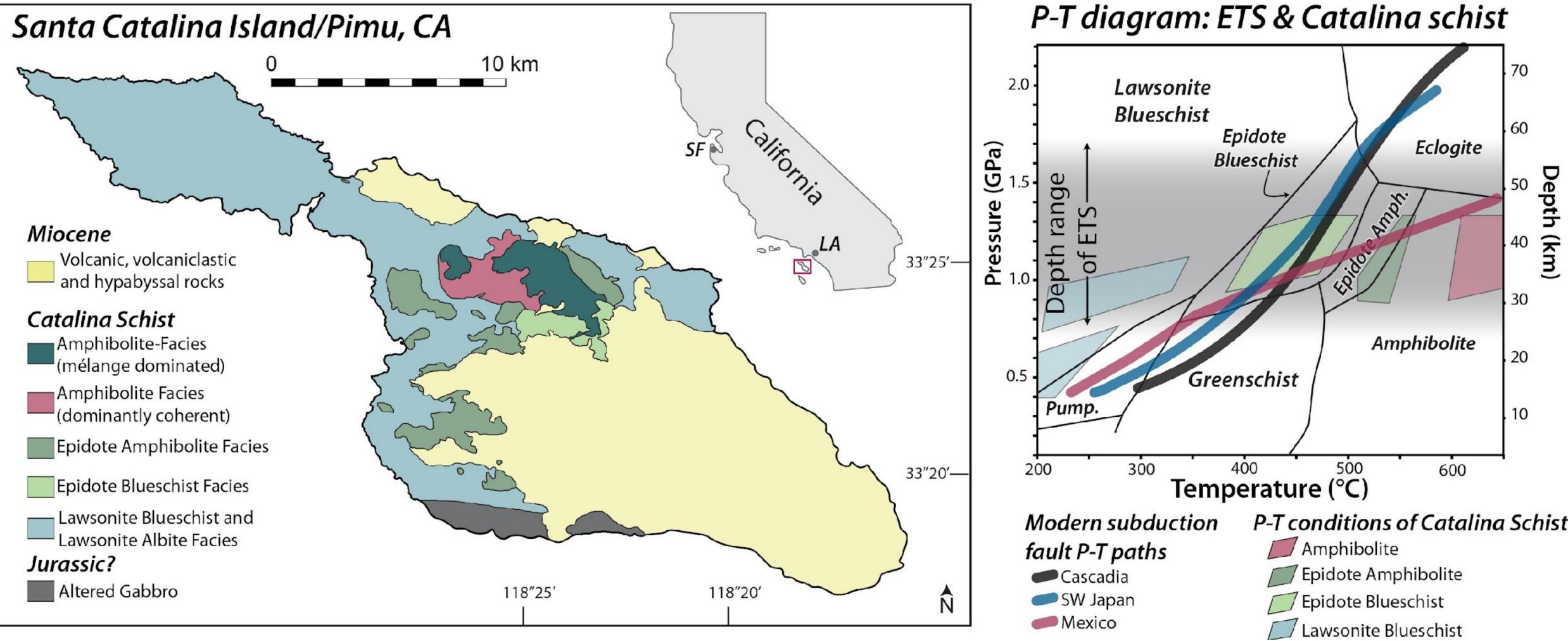
Analog Terranes - SZ4D Science Questions - Active Systems



Catalina Island/Pimu · CA, USA



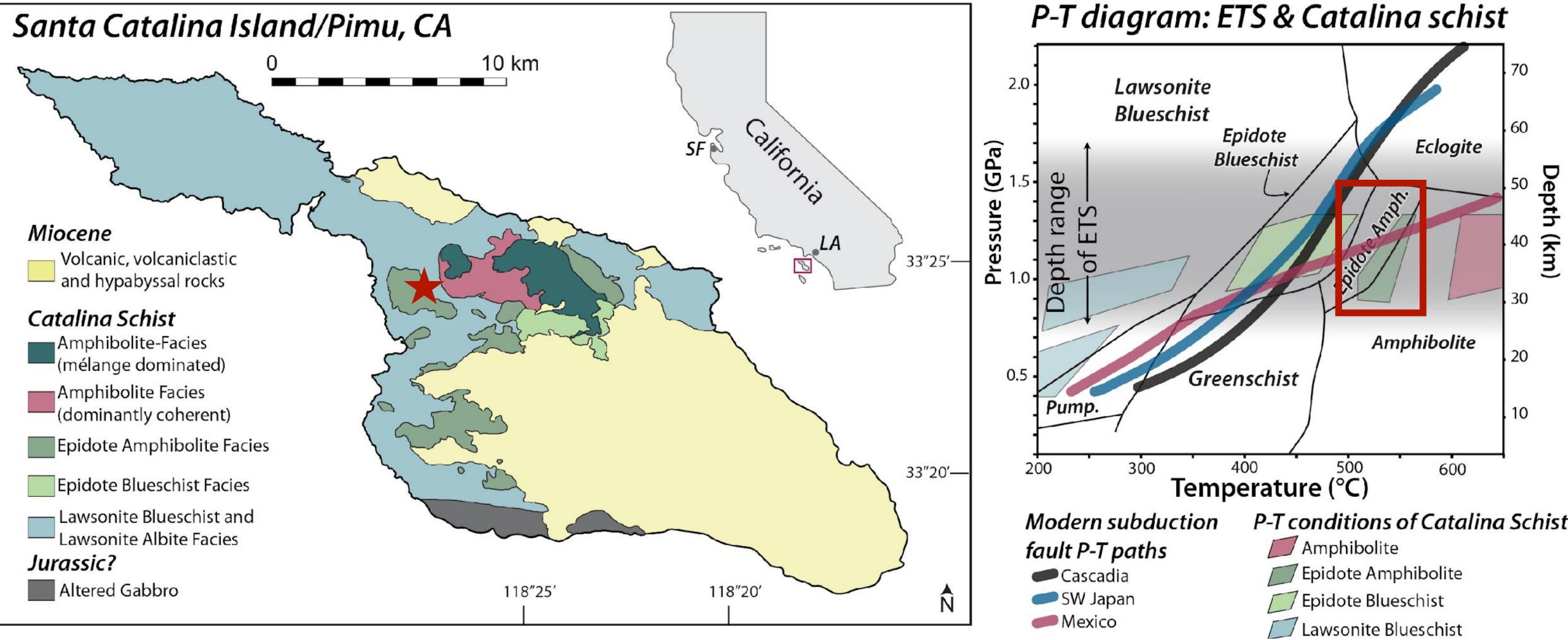
Chemical changes (metasomatism) & subduction fault slip behaviors Catalina Island/Pimu CA - Hoover et al., 2022



After Platt, 1976

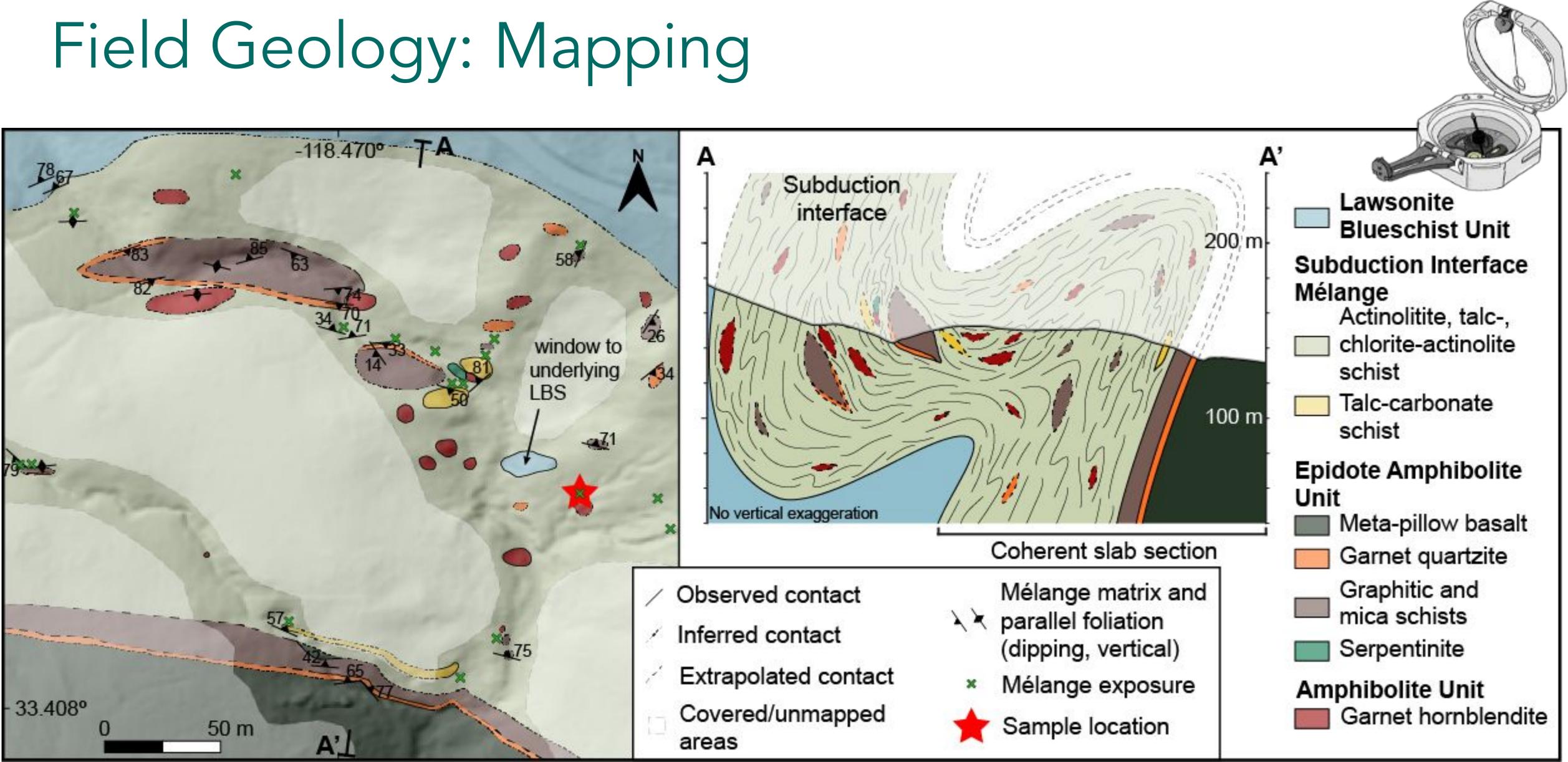


Chemical changes (metasomatism) & subduction fault slip behaviors Catalina Island/Pimu CA - Hoover et al., 2022



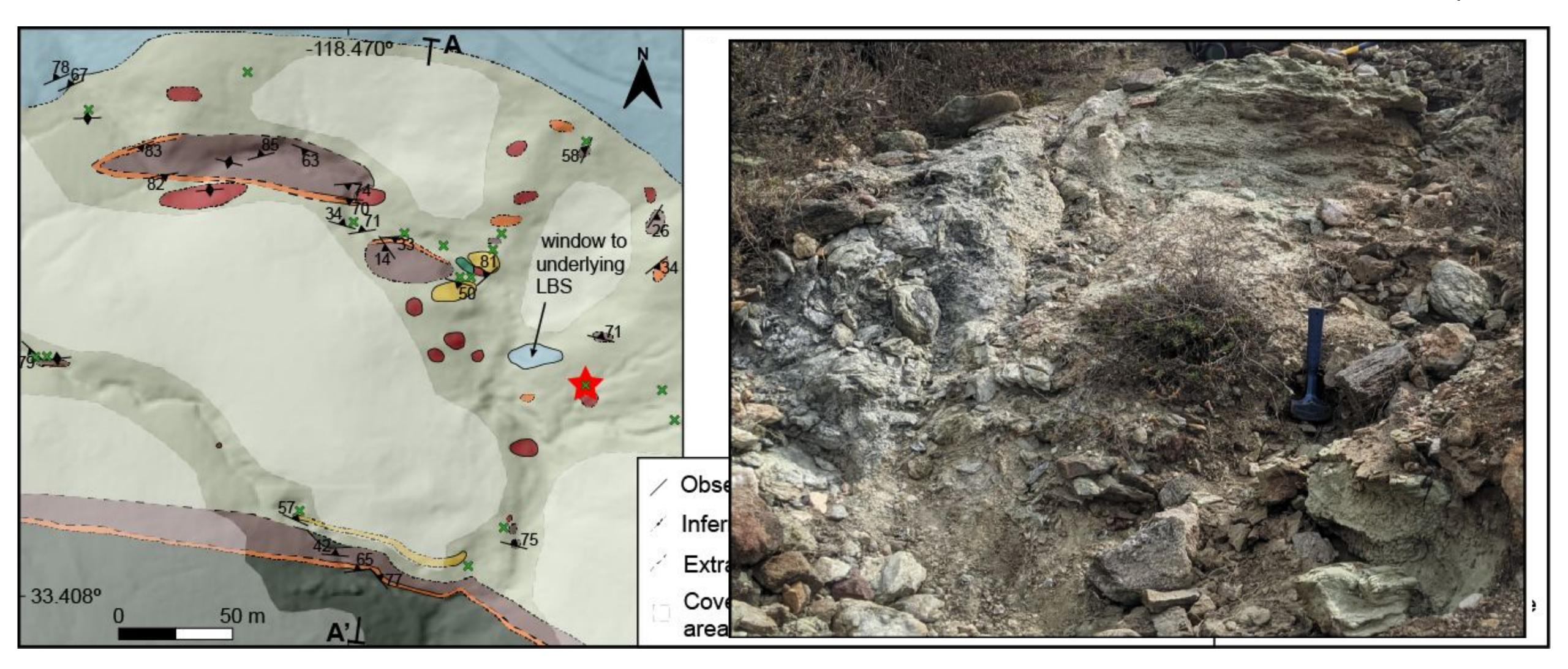
After Platt, 1976





Hoover et al., 2022 GRL

Field Geology: Mapping

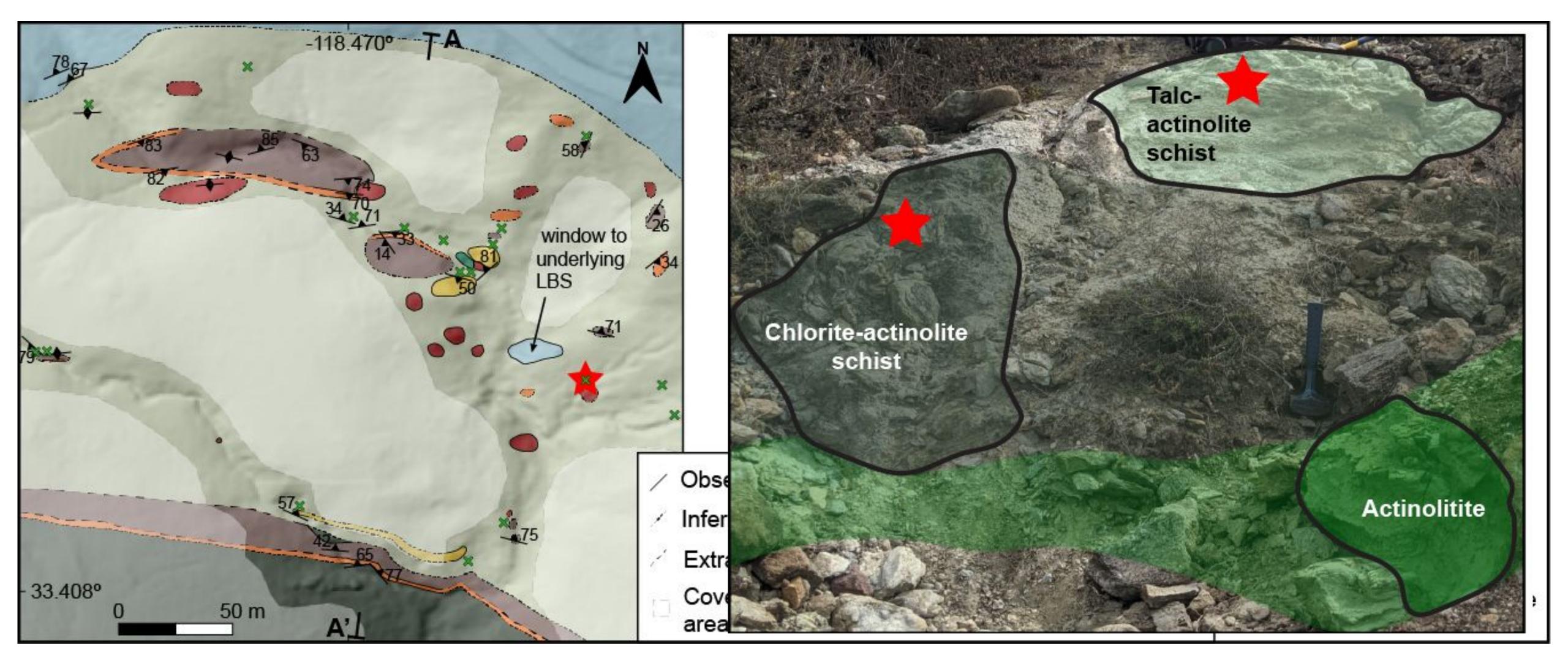


Hoover et al., 2022 GRL



Melange within a subduction fault from ~40 km depths

Field Geology: Mapping



Hoover et al., 2022 GRL

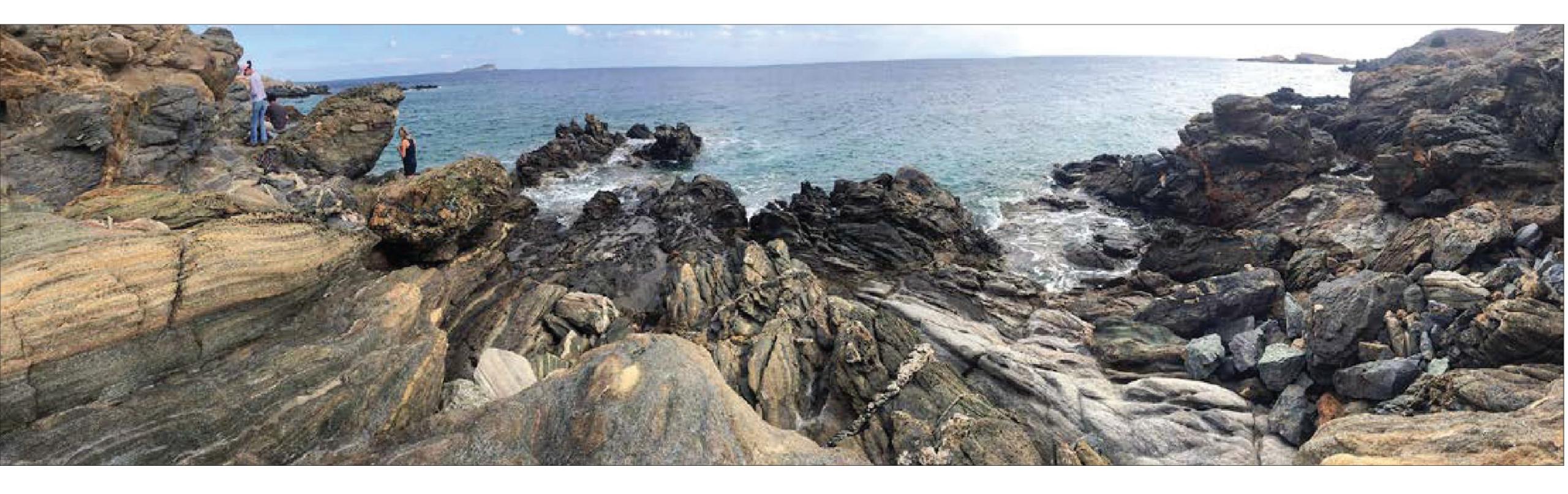


Melange within a subduction fault from ~40 km depths

block and matrix structures, but also continuous layers and chemical reaction pathways

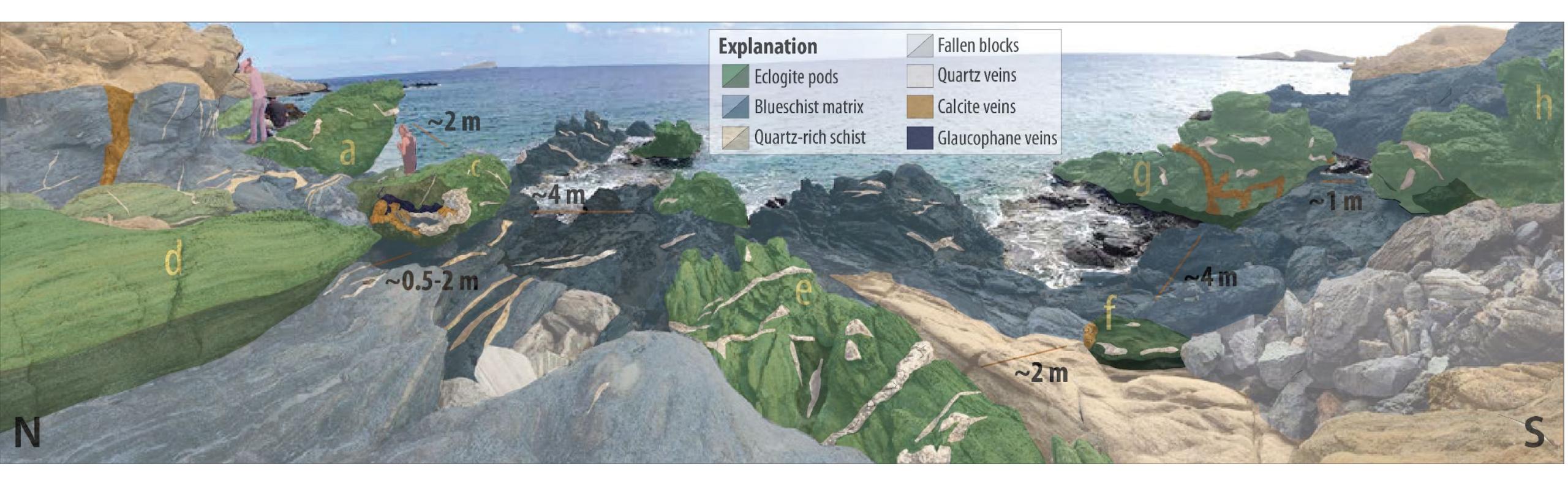






Blueschist-eclogite transition Syros Greece - Kotowski & Behr, 2019

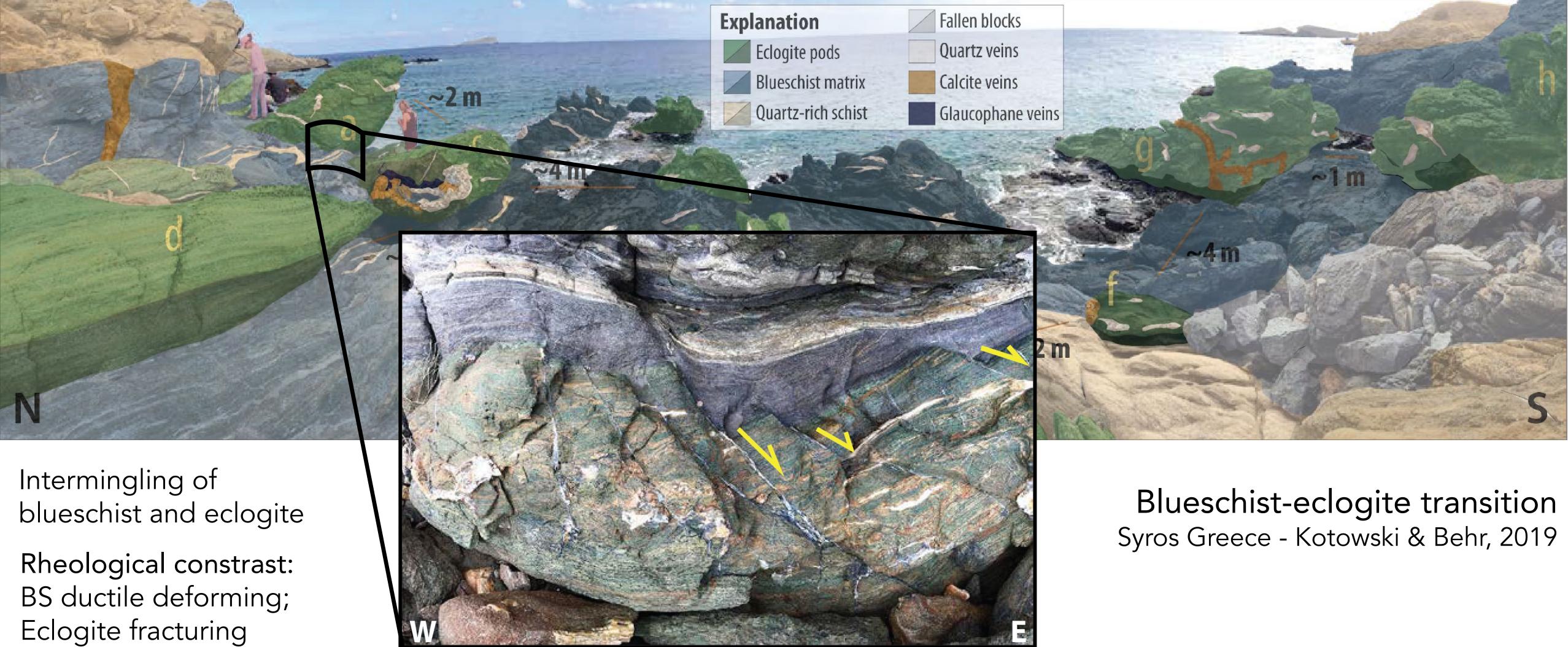




Intermingling of blueschist and eclogite

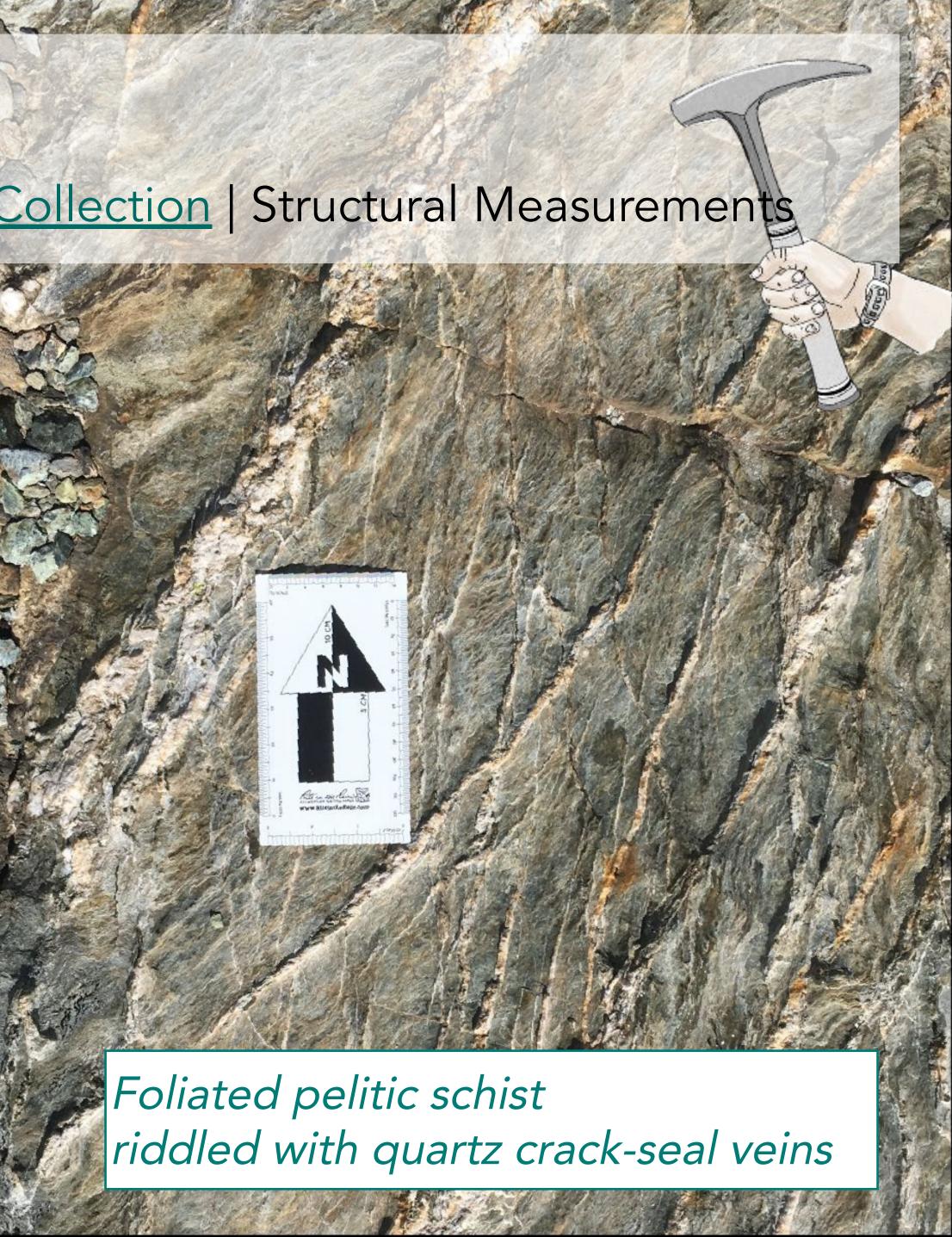
Blueschist-eclogite transition Syros Greece - Kotowski & Behr, 2019



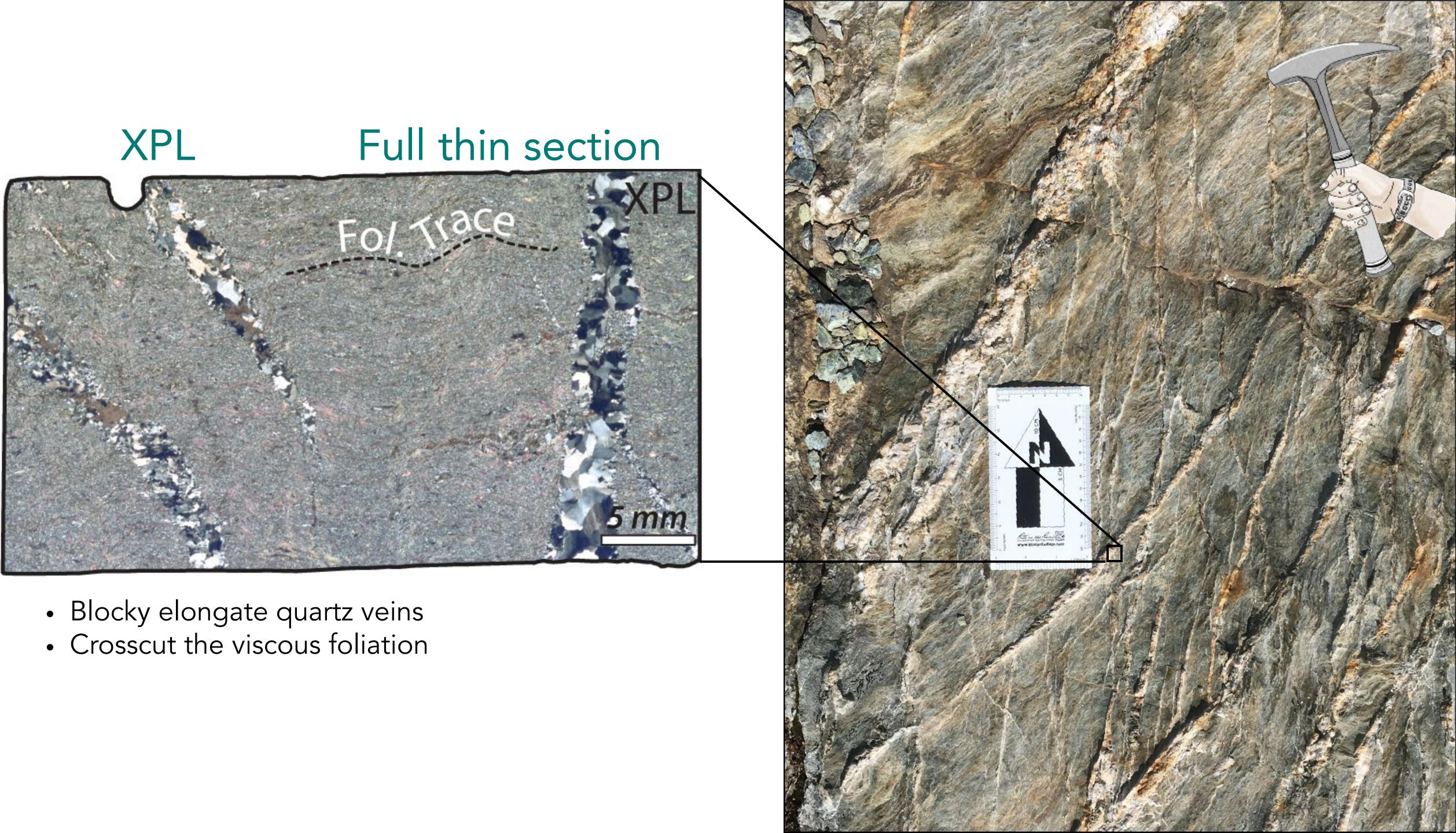


Mapping | Field Relations & Observations | Sample Collection | Structural Measurements









Full thin section





- Blocky elongate quartz veins
- Crosscut the viscous foliation

P-T conditions of foliation: ~300-350°C, 0.90 GPa (30 km)

- Crack-seal features
- Dynamic recrystallization microstructures

- Formed over repeated fracturing & precipitation events
- Experienced recrystallization at peak T: syn-subduction

Condit and French, 2022, GRL





Samples allow us to reconstruct host of characteristics back in the lab

XPL Full thin section



- Blocky elongate quartz veins
- Crosscut the viscous foliation

P-T conditions of foliation: ~300-350°C, 0.90 GPa (30 km)

- Crack-seal features
- Dynamic recrystallization microstructures

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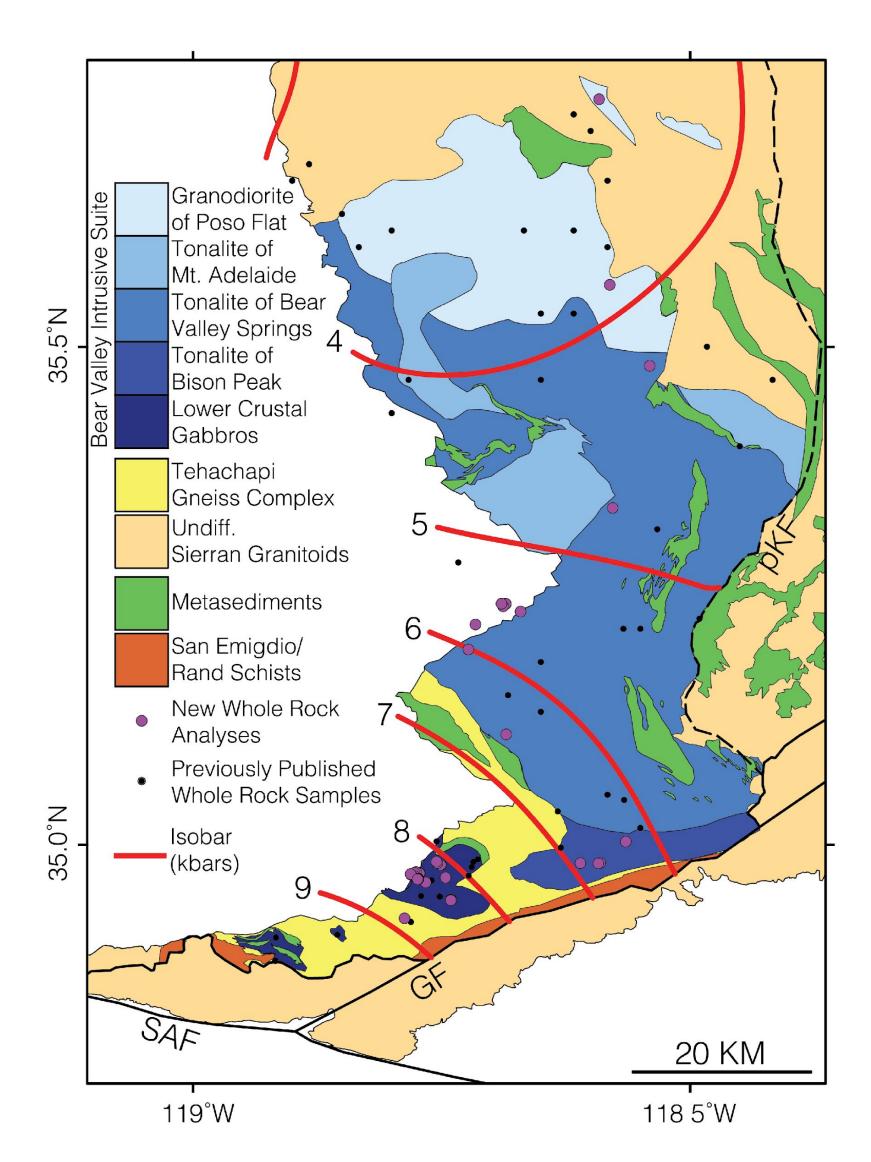
Condit and French, 2022, GRL







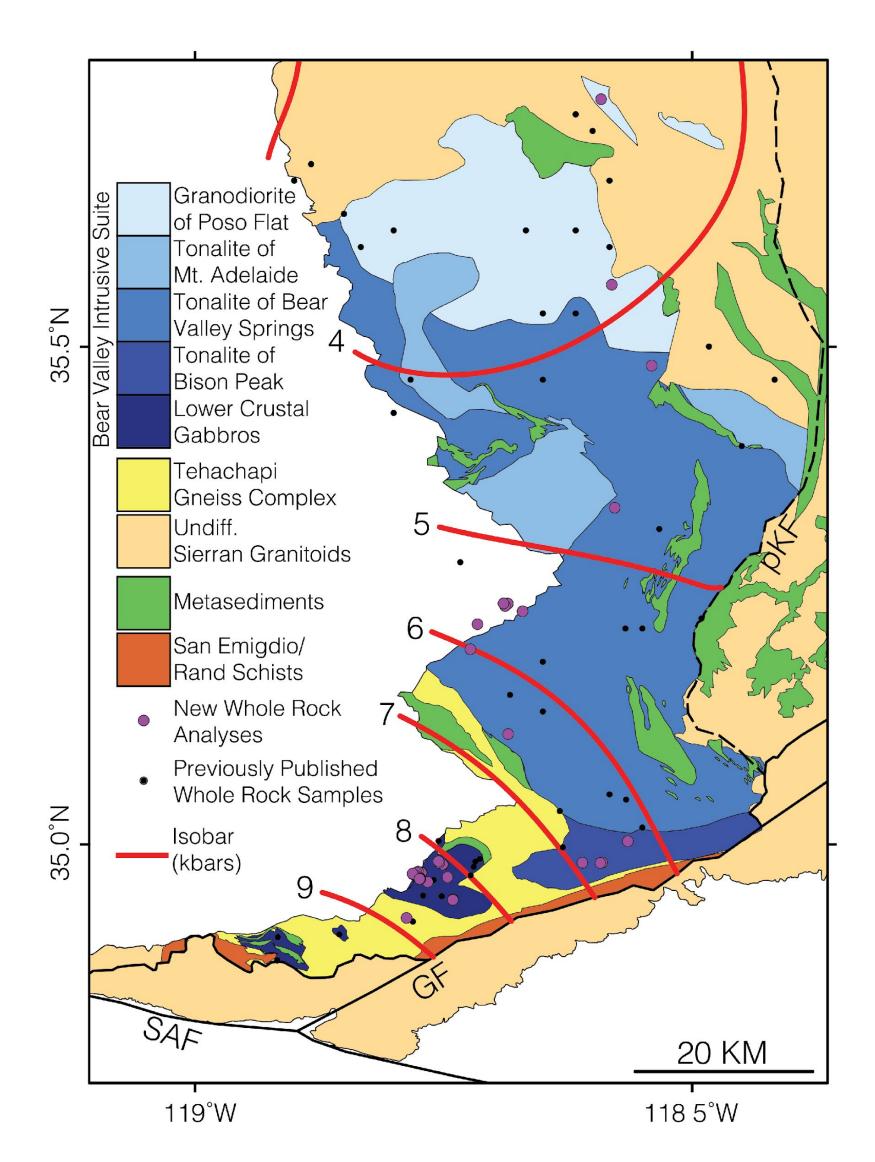
Mapping | Field Relations & Observations | Sample Collection | Structural Measurements

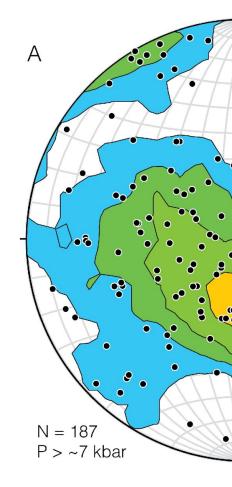


Anatomy of a magmatic arc -Souther Sierra Nevada Klein & Jagoutz, 2021



Mapping | Field Relations & Observations | Sample Collection | <u>Structural Measurements</u>

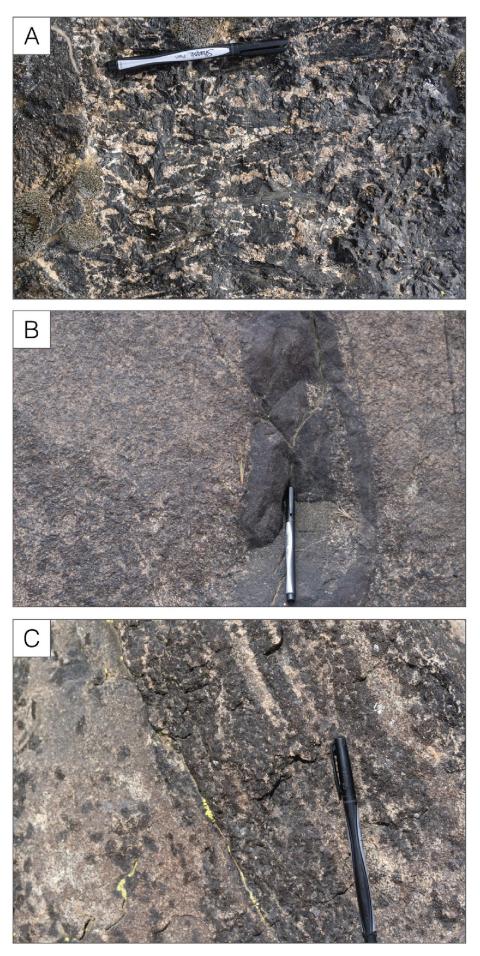




Deep: Flat Magmatic Fabrics

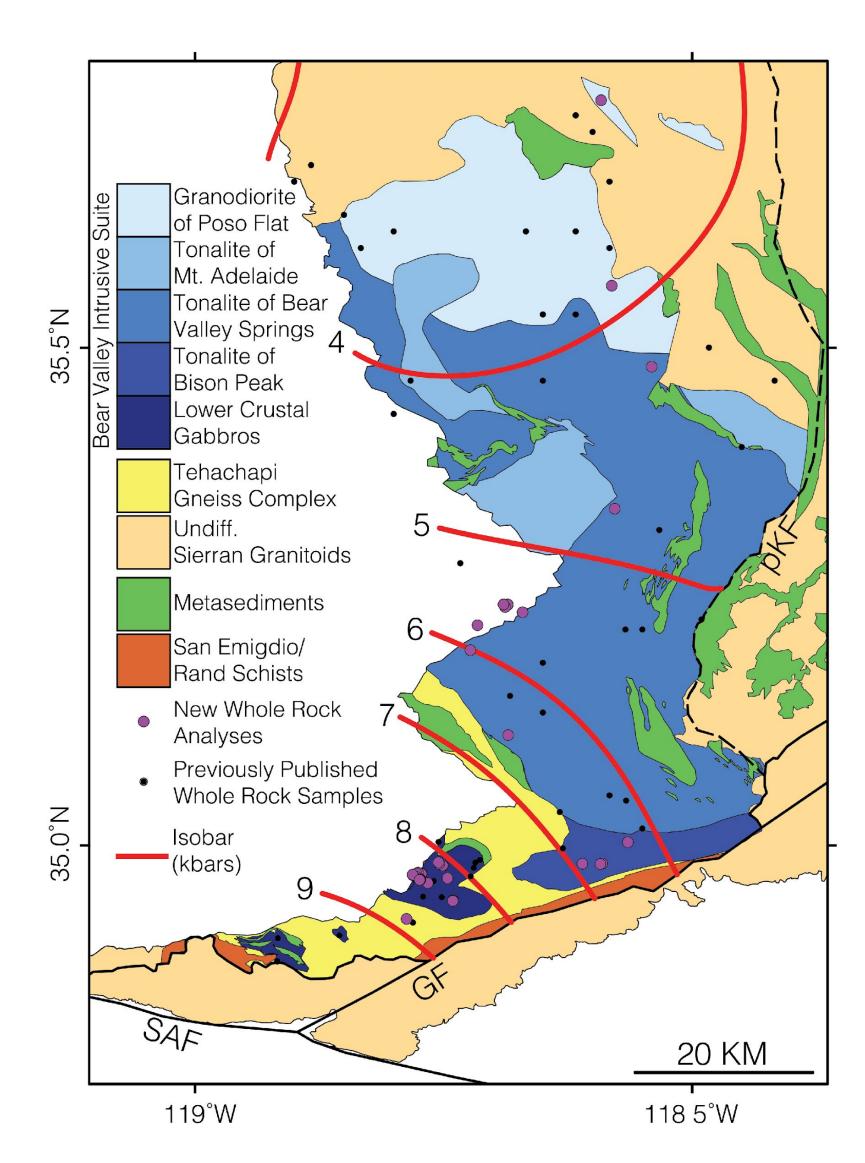
Anatomy of a magmatic arc -Souther Sierra Nevada Klein & Jagoutz, 2021

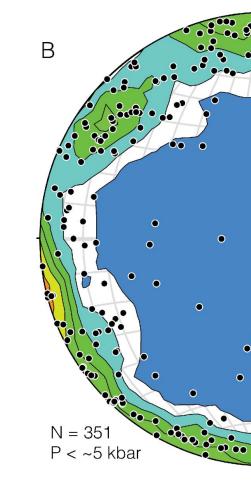
Deep: Cumulates, flat fabric

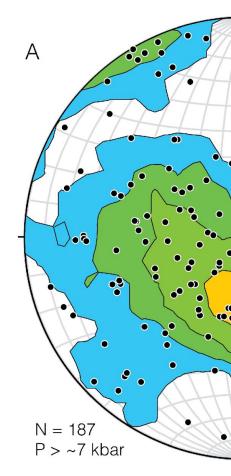




Mapping | Field Relations & Observations | Sample Collection | <u>Structural Measurements</u>





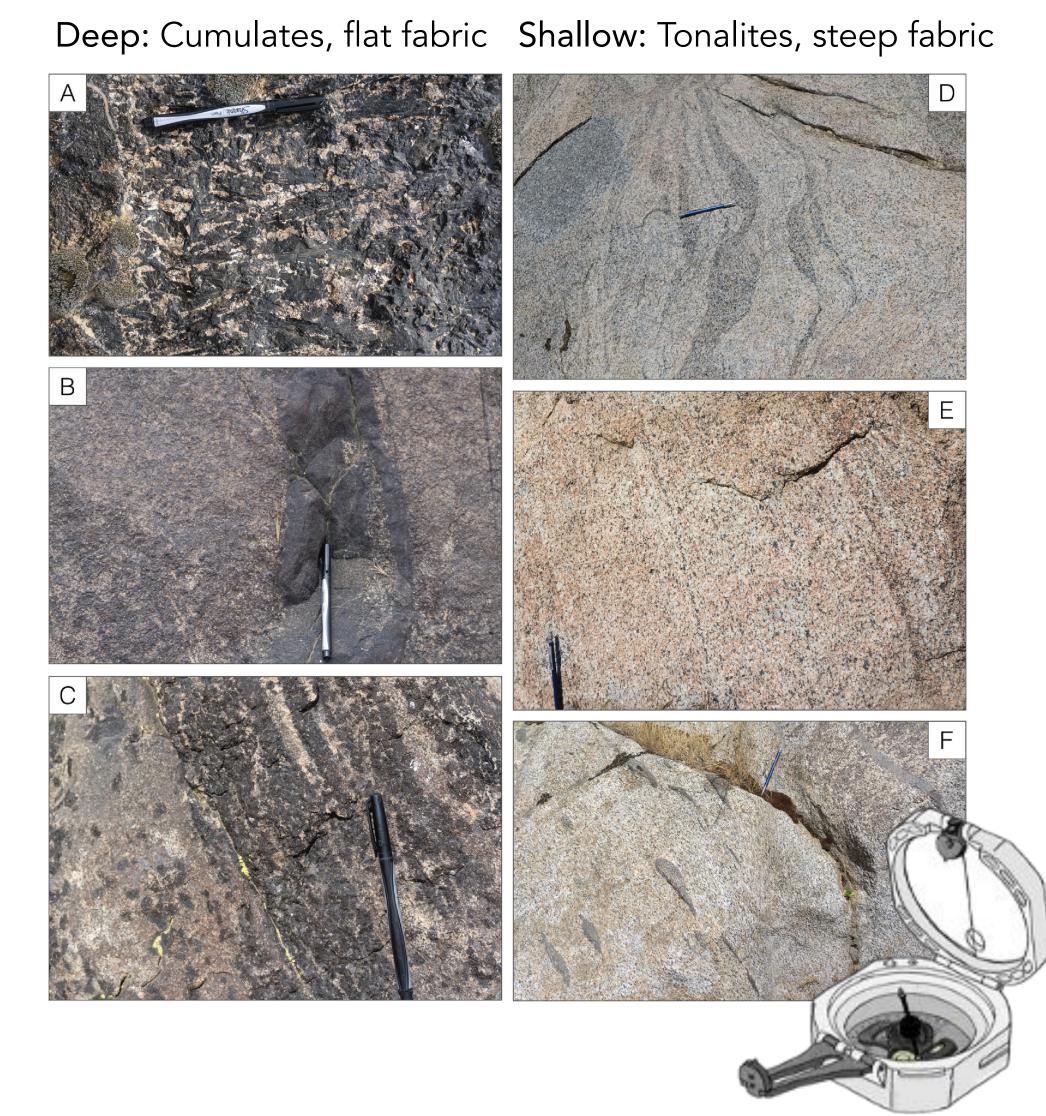


Deep: Flat Magmatic Fabrics

Anatomy of a magmatic arc -Souther Sierra Nevada Klein & Jagoutz, 2021

Shallow: Vertical Magmatic Fabrics





Advances in Field Geology:

- Collective field work
 - Approach analog field sites similar to IODP model
 - Geologists, geochemists, petrologists, geochemists, structural geologists etc all working together toward a common goal:

Constraining key subduction zone processes from the rock record from a wide range of geologic perspectives

Represents a step change in our approach (away from sole-PI driven science) and will yield interdisciplinary results

